# SONY

## **Polarization Image Sensor**

IMX250MZR / MYR Diagonal 11.1 mm (Type 2/3) Approx. 5.07M-Effective Pixel Monochrome/Color IMX264MZR / MYR Polarization CMOS Image Sensor

IMX253MZR / MYR : Diagonal 17.6 mm (Type 1.1) Approx. 12.37M-Effective Pixel Monochrome/Color



Polarsens is a CMOS Image Sensor pixel technology that has several different angle polarizer formed on chip during the semiconductor process allowing highly accurate alignment with pixel. \*Polarsens and Polarsens are trademarks of Sony Corporation.

## Polarization Image Sensor with Four-Directional on-chip Polarizer and global shutter function

Polarization CMOS Image Sensor

Sony Semiconductor Solutions has launched a polarization image sensor (polarization sensor): 3.45µm pixel size with four-directional polarizer which is formed on the photodiode of the image sensor chip\*1. This polarization sensor is targeting the industrial equipment market.

In addition to capturing brightness and color\*2, this image sensor can also capture polarization information that cannot be detected by a normal image sensor. This polarization sensor can be used in many applications in the industrial field, such as inspection when visibility and sensing are difficult.

- \*1. IMX250MZB/MYB (5.07M-Effective Pixel) were launched in September/December 2018. IMX264MZR/MYR (5.07M-Effective Pixel) were launched in February 2021 IMX253MZR/MYR (12.37M-Effective Pixel) were launched in September/October 2019.
- \*2. IMX250MYR (color) /IMX264MYR(color) / IMX253MYR (color) only.

Four directional polarizer is formed on the image sensor

Sony Semiconductor Solutions' polarization sensor can capture a four directional polarization image in one shot by the four directional polarizer (Fig.1). It can calculate the direction and degree of polarization (DoP) based on the intensity of each directional polarization. Together with subsequent signal processing, it can capture the polarization information\*<sup>3</sup> in real time\*<sup>4</sup>.

\*3. Degree of Polarization and Direction of Polarization

\*4. Subject to subsequent signal processing powe

## Polarizer is formed on chip under the on-chip lens layer

With conventional types of polarization sensors, the polarizer is attached on top of the on-chip lens layer (Fig.2), however with Sony Semiconductor Solutions' polarization sensor the polarizer is formed on chip under the on-chip lens layer (Fig.3). A shorter distance between the polarizer and the photodiode improves the extinction ratio\*<sup>5</sup> and the incident angle dependence.

Since the polarizer is formed during the semiconductor process, form and formulation of polarizer, uniformity, mass productivity and durability are excellent compared to conventional polarization sensors. Furthermore, Sony Semiconductor Solutions' Polarization sensor is covered with an anti-reflection layer which helps to reduce reflectance and avoids poor flare and ghost characteristics.

\*5. Extinction Ratio

Extinction ratio is a specification to measure polarization The extinction ratio of polarization image sensor is the ratio between the sensitivity of transmission axis light and the sensitivity of extinction axis light (the sensitivity of transmission axis light / the sensitivity of extinction axis light). The higher the number, the better the specification and performance.

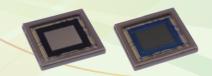
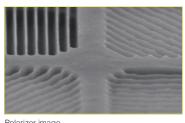


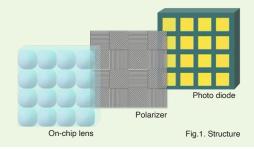
Photo: IMX250MZR / MYR

## Characteristic

- Four-Directional Polarizer formed on chip
- Global shutter function
- High frame rate
- ROI mode, Trigger mode



Polarizer image Source: Sony, IEDM2016, Lecture number 8.7



Structure Comparison

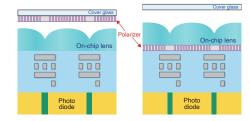
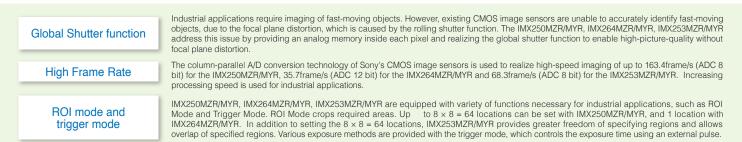


Fig.2. Structure of Conventional Polarization sensor

Fig.3. Structure of Sony Semiconductor Solutions' Polarization sensor





Home page https://www.sony.net/polarsens-tech

# Sony Semiconductor Solutions Corporation

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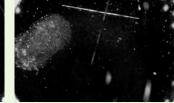


Fig.5. Degree of Polarization image

## Fig.4. Normal image

These examples show dents and dust on a homogenous glass plane. We can easily find scratches and stains (fingerprint and dust) due to differences in the degree of polarization (Fig.4,5).

Glass inspection (scratch and stain)

**Distortion inspection** 



Fig.9. Polarization Direction image

Fig.8. Normal image

With the information of direction of polarization, we can identify both distortions and the direction of distortion of the plane (Fig.9).





Fig.6. Normal image

Thanks to the difference in the degree of polarization between the tablet and the aluminum package, it is easy to identify whether the tablets are filled in or not (Fig.7).

## **Removal reflection**



Fig.10. Normal image

Fig.11. Removed reflection image

Fig.7. Degree of Polarization image

Polarization information can be used to remove reflections (Fig.11). Sony Semiconductor Solutions' polarization sensor has a four-directional polarizer, which can simultaneously remove the reflections in multi planes.(Fig. 11)

All images were generated by Sony Semiconductor Solutions' polarization sensor's evaluation board.

## <Table 1> Device Structure

Item		IMX250MZR / MYR	IMX264MZR / MYR	IMX253MZR / MYR		
Features		Four-directional Polarization				
Image size		Progressive scan mode : Diagonal 11.1 mm (Type 2/3) Full-HD mode : Diagonal 7.7 mm (Type 1/2.35)		Progressive scan mode : Diagonal 17.6 mm (Type 1.1)		
Number of effective pixels		2464 (H) × 2056 (V) Approx. 5.07 M pixels		4112 (H) × 3008 (V) Approx. 12.37 M pixels		
Unit cell size		3.45 µm (H) × 3.45 µm (V)				
Optical blacks	Horizontal	Front : 0 pixels, rear : 0 pixels				
	Vertical	Front : 10 pixels, rear : 0 pixels				
Input drive frequency		37.125 MHz / 54.0 MHz / 74.25 MHz				
Package		226-pin LGA				
Supply voltage VDD (Typ.)		3.3 V / 1.8 V / 1.2 V				

### <Table 2> Image Sensor Characteristics IMX250MZR / MYR IMX264MZR / MYR IMX253MZR / MYR Remarks Item sensitivity (monochrome) 342 mV Typ.[F8] 3200 K, 706 cd/m<sup>2</sup>, Sensitivity (color) 1/30s accumulation Typ.[F5.6] 430 mV Saturation signal Min. 1001 mV Tj = 60 °C

### <Table 3> Basic Drive Mode

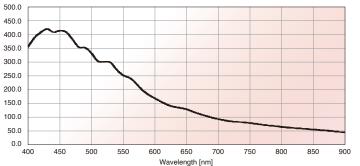
Product name	Drive mode	Recommended number of recording pixels	ADC [bit]	Frame rate (Max.) [frame/s]
			12	89.5
	Progressive scan	2448 (H) × 2048 (V) Approx. 5.01 M pixels	10	144.7
IMX250MZR/MYR			8	163.4
	Full-HD	1920 (H) × 1080 (V) Approx. 2.07 M pixels	12	120.0
	T ull-I ID	1920 (H) X 1060 (V) Approx. 2.07 W pixels	10	120.0
IMX264MZR/MYR	Progressive scan	2448 (H) × 2048 (V) Approx. 5.01 M pixels	12	35.7
IIVIX204IVIZR/IVITR	Full-HD	1920 (H) × 1080 (V) Approx. 2.07 M pixels	12	60
			12	46.4
IMX253MZR/MYR	Progressive scan	4096 (H) × 3000 (V) Approx. 12.29 M pixels	10	64.6
			8	68.3



IMX264MZR

IMX253MZR

Omnidirectional Extinction Ratio (Min.)



Subject to test and environment conditions

Extinction Ratio